What's New and Notable in CHIS 2021-2022

This document describes new and notable design features and data collected in California Health Interview Survey (CHIS) 2021-2022. CHIS data users should review the information below and detailed online documentation before analyzing or reporting CHIS data. For more details on CHIS methods, please visit the CHIS Methodology page.

Oversamples

CHIS 2021-2022 saw an oversample in San Diego County thanks to funds provided by the County of San Diego Health and Human Services Agency.

To provide researchers at Cedars-Sinai with sufficient sample to produce estimates for cancer screening questions, CHIS 2021-2022 oversampled for a total target of 800 Latinos and Asians aged 50 and older in LA County Service Planning Areas (SPAs) 1, 2, 4, and 5. CHIS 2021-2022 also conducted an additional oversample of 125 adults who identify as American Indian or Alaska Native (AIAN) and live in rural areas.

To better target populations not adequately covered by the primary address-based sample (ABS) frame, CHIS 2021-2022 utilized an additional prepaid cell phone frame and targeted 500 completes per year for this oversample. Specifically, the prepaid cell phone sample aimed to reach respondents who were either aged 18 to 24, Hispanic, African American or would like to take the survey in one of the non-English languages offered for CHIS 2021.

New Adult Questionnaire Topics in 2021-2022

• Climate change, and related impacts on physical health, mental health, and finance1,2
• Presence of firearms in the home and storage practices, concerns about firearm victimization, quick access to firearm1,2,3
• CBD (cannabidiol) use, frequency of use, method of use1,2
• Housing security/stability1,2
• Encounters with police or court system1,2,3
• Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs), past ACEs assessment, importance of ACEs, positive childhood experiences1,2,3
• Paid family leave1,2
• Notice of action from Medi-Cal1
• COVID-19 risk reduction practices1,2,4
• Reinstated content:
  • Alcohol use, last use, alcohol consumption in past month, binge drinking1,2
  • Intimate partner violence1,2,3
  • Pre-diabetes/borderline diabetes1,2
  • Discrimination in a healthcare setting, recency of discrimination1,2
  • Length of residency1,2

New and Updated Survey Questions

Survey questions are added, removed, and modified in each two-year cycle of CHIS to meet stakeholders’ needs and monitor emerging public health concerns. Questions are removed from the interview to reduce its length and save data collection costs when topics are no longer relevant for public health surveillance, or when sponsor funding is no longer available. Most CHIS questions remain in the interview across multiple CHIS cycles. For CHIS 2021 approximately 80% of the content continued from CHIS 2020. Occasionally, changes to question wording are made based on methodological evaluations or when user feedback strongly suggests that changes will produce better data. Otherwise, questions are consistent across years to aid in trending and pooling. Reinstated questions were asked in cycles prior to 2019-2020, and again in 2021.

A full list of topics in CHIS 2021 are available on the CHIS Survey Topics page. The full CHIS 2021-2022 document can be found here.
Targeting Through Predictive Modeling

CHIS 2021-2022 employed Big Data techniques to help target specific, commonly underrepresented demographic groups. Individual sample flags and geographic density indicators of households with certain attributes were applied to predictive models evaluation in CHIS 2021-2022. CHIS specifically targeted and oversampled Asian households including Korean and Vietnamese, households that are more likely to conduct Asian-language interviews, Latino and Spanish-speaking households, households with African American residents, households with children under 19, and households with adults aged over 65. For more details on the predictive modeling, see CHIS 2021 Methodology Report 1 — Sample Design.

Data Collection Methodology Innovations

Since CHIS 2005, invitation letters have included a $2.00 incentive to encourage households to participate. CHIS 2021 conducted an experiment with a visible cash incentive in the initial invitation letters to improve sample yield. Sampled households were evenly split and randomly assigned to envelope conditions: 1) a windowed envelope where a portion of the $2 bill was visible; 2) a traditional envelope where the $2 bill was not visible. Households that received the windowed envelope with visible cash were found to be significantly more likely to complete the survey than those with a traditional envelope. Consequently, the visible cash design was implemented for the remainder of the 2021 survey year and future CHIS survey cycles.

Data Collection Timeline

CHIS 2021 data were collected between March 2021 and November 2021. Approximately 90% of adult interviews were completed over the web with the remainder over the phone.

For small populations or rare conditions and characteristics, pooling two or more single-year datasets may be required to achieve sufficient sample size and statistical stability. Users who need more information about pooling or trending data over time should review the Analyze CHIS Data website or go to the CHIS FAQs page. You can also email questions to dacchpr@ucla.edu.