

KINGS COUNTY

Health Insurance Coverage, the Lack of Coverage, and Demographic Characteristics

Based on Data from the 2003 California Health Interview Survey

Approximately **20,000** children and adults who were uninsured for all or part of the year reside in Kings County, out of a total of 6.6 million uninsured Californians statewide. Approximately **3,000** uninsured children and **18,000** uninsured nonelderly adults reside in this county.

	KINGS COUNTY	CALIFORNIA
NONELDERLY POPULATION (AGES 0-64), 2003	113,000	31,315,000
CHILDREN (AGES 0-17)	39,000	9,488,000
ADULTS (AGES 18-64)	74,000	21,827,000
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF THE NONELDERLY		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	17.8% (14.2 - 21.4)	21.0%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	46.6% (42.1 - 51.1)	53.8%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	26.8% (22.4 - 31.2)	15.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	8.8% (6.2 - 11.4)	9.3%
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF CHILDREN		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	6.4% (2.8 - 10.1)	10.2%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	43.5% (35.7 - 51.2)	52.1%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	44.7% (36.6 - 52.8)	29.4%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	5.4% (2.7 - 8.1)	8.3%
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF NONELDERLY ADULTS		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	23.8% (18.7 - 28.8)	25.7%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	48.2% (42.6 - 53.8)	54.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	17.4% (12.8 - 22.1)	9.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	10.6% (6.9 - 14.3)	10.3%
PERCENT OF UNINSURED NONELDERLY WITH ANNUAL FAMILY INCOMES OF LESS THAN 300% FPL[†]	50.4%	47.0%
RACE/ETHNICITY DISTRIBUTION OF THE NONELDERLY POPULATION		
WHITE	43.0%	45.4%
LATINO	42.9%	30.6%
ASIAN AMERICAN AND PACIFIC ISLANDER	***%	11.4%
AFRICAN AMERICAN	6.1%	6.9%

[†] FPL = Federal Poverty Level

*** The estimate is not statistically stable (coefficient of variation is over 30%).

Note: The "95% range" (more commonly called a "confidence interval") provides a more reliable estimate of the uninsured rate for persons in the population group than does the "point estimate." Point estimates with narrower 95% ranges are more precise or reliable than those with wider ranges.



Source: 2003 California Health Interview Survey
 UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, February 2005
 Available at www.healthpolicy.ucla.edu