

ORANGE COUNTY

Health Insurance Coverage, the Lack of Coverage, and Demographic Characteristics

Based on Data from the 2003 California Health Interview Survey

Approximately **603,000** children and adults who were uninsured for all or part of the year reside in Orange County, out of a total of 6.6 million uninsured Californians statewide. Approximately **96,000** uninsured children and **506,000** uninsured nonelderly adults reside in this county.

	ORANGE COUNTY	CALIFORNIA
NONELDERLY POPULATION (AGES 0-64), 2003	2,667,000	31,315,000
CHILDREN (AGES 0-17)	789,000	9,488,000
ADULTS (AGES 18-64)	1,878,000	21,827,000
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF THE NONELDERLY		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	22.6% (20.1 - 25.1)	21.0%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	55.5% (52.8 - 58.3)	53.8%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	12.2% (10.2 - 14.1)	15.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	9.7% (8.2 - 11.2)	9.3%
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF CHILDREN		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	12.2% (8.4 - 16.0)	10.2%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	51.0% (45.7 - 56.3)	52.1%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	26.7% (21.6 - 31.7)	29.4%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	10.1% (7.1 - 13.0)	8.3%
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF NONELDERLY ADULTS		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	26.9% (23.8 - 30.1)	25.7%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	57.4% (54.2 - 60.6)	54.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	6.1% (4.6 - 7.6)	9.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	9.5% (7.8 - 11.3)	10.3%
PERCENT OF UNINSURED NONELDERLY WITH ANNUAL FAMILY INCOMES OF LESS THAN 300% FPL[†]	52.7%	47.0%
RACE/ETHNICITY DISTRIBUTION OF THE NONELDERLY POPULATION		
WHITE	50.7%	45.4%
LATINO	29.3%	30.6%
ASIAN AMERICAN AND PACIFIC ISLANDER	16.7%	11.4%
AFRICAN AMERICAN	1.1%	6.9%

[†] FPL = Federal Poverty Level

Note: The “95% range” (more commonly called a “confidence interval”) provides a more reliable estimate of the uninsured rate for persons in the population group than does the “point estimate.” Point estimates with narrower 95% ranges are more precise or reliable than those with wider ranges.



Source: 2003 California Health Interview Survey
 UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, February 2005
 Available at www.healthpolicy.ucla.edu