

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

Health Insurance Coverage, the Lack of Coverage, and Demographic Characteristics

Based on Data from the 2003 California Health Interview Survey

Approximately **39,000** children and adults who were uninsured for all or part of the year reside in San Luis Obispo County, out of a total of 6.6 million uninsured Californians statewide. Approximately *** uninsured children and **35,000** uninsured nonelderly adults reside in this county.

	SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY	CALIFORNIA
NONELDERLY POPULATION (AGES 0-64), 2003	202,000	31,315,000
CHILDREN (AGES 0-17)	52,000	9,488,000
ADULTS (AGES 18-64)	150,000	21,827,000
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF THE NONELDERLY		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	19.2% (14.8 - 23.5)	21.0%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	51.8% (46.6 - 56.9)	53.8%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	15.6% (11.7 - 19.4)	15.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	13.5% (10.1 - 16.9)	9.3%
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF CHILDREN		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	***% (***)	10.2%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	45.2% (34.8 - 55.6)	52.1%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	37.4% (26.8 - 48.0)	29.4%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	11.3% (5.7 - 16.9)	8.3%
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE OF NONELDERLY ADULTS		
% UNINSURED ALL OR PART YEAR (95% RANGE)	23.6% (18.2 - 29.1)	25.7%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, EMPLOYMENT-BASED (95% RANGE)	54.1% (48.1 - 60.0)	54.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, MEDI-CAL/HEALTHY FAMILIES (95% RANGE)	8.0% (5.2 - 10.9)	9.5%
% INSURED ALL YEAR, OTHER (95% RANGE)	14.3% (10.2 - 18.3)	10.3%
PERCENT OF UNINSURED NONELDERLY WITH ANNUAL FAMILY INCOMES OF LESS THAN 300% FPL[†]	26.2%	47.0%
RACE/ETHNICITY DISTRIBUTION OF THE NONELDERLY POPULATION		
WHITE	77.5%	45.4%
LATINO	13.3%	30.6%
ASIAN AMERICAN AND PACIFIC ISLANDER	3.9%	11.4%
AFRICAN AMERICAN	***%	6.9%

[†] FPL = Federal Poverty Level

*** The estimate is not statistically stable (coefficient of variation is over 30%).

Note: The "95% range" (more commonly called a "confidence interval") provides a more reliable estimate of the uninsured rate for persons in the population group than does the "point estimate." Point estimates with narrower 95% ranges are more precise or reliable than those with wider ranges.



Source: 2003 California Health Interview Survey
 UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, February 2005
 Available at www.healthpolicy.ucla.edu