The Links Between Voting and Health in California

A new study from the UCLA Center for Health Policy Research looks at voter registration, voting frequency and other measures and finds links between health, neighborhood cohesion and voting.



U.S.-born and naturalized adults in California are registered to vote

Never vote

Always vote

Frequently vote

"Always" Voters are...

...Of those in excellent/ very good health

40.9%

...Of those in fair/poor health

32.7%



Of those without psychological distress in the past year

40.1%

..Of those with psychological distress in the past year

...Percent who vote by neighborhood characteristics 49.5%

Have high

cohesion



27.5%

Have low cohesion

43%

Feel safe all the time



23.2%

Feel mostly unsafe



NONREGI





21.6% Gen X (age 38-53)



Less than 20.7% high school education



€§3 19.9% Lowest-income

Lowest-(0-99 FPL)



Speak 8.4% English very well/well (Nonnative)



7.9% Latino

The rate of nonvoters who said they "Didn't know how/where to register" was highest among Asians and limited-English speakers

11.7% **Asian** citizens

2.6% White citizens



14.2% Do not speak **English well** or at all

> 3.3% Speak **English** only

Top 5 reasons for not registering

Too busy

Not eligible

candidates/don't like a difference politics

UCLA CENTER FOR HEALTH POLICY RESEARCH

Source: 2017–2018 California Health Interview Survey